the OCC shall grant or deny the request for reinstatement and notify the Respondent of the OCC's decision. If the OCC denies the request for reinstatement, the OCC shall set forth in the notification the reasons for the OCC's action.

### PART 21—MINIMUM SECURITY DE-VICES AND PROCEDURES, RE-PORTS OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVI-TIES, AND BANK SECRECY ACT COMPLIANCE PROGRAM

### Subpart A—Minimum Security Devices and Procedures

Sec

21.1 Purpose and scope of subpart A of this part.

21.2 Designation of security officer.

21.3 Security program.

21.4 Report.

### **Subpart B—Reports of Suspicious Activities**

21.11 Suspicious Activity Report.

### Subpart C—Procedures for Monitoring Bank Secrecy Act Compliance

21.21 Bank Secrecy Act compliance.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 1818, 1881–1884, and  $3401-3422;\ 31\ U.S.C.\ 5318.$ 

# Subpart A—Minimum Security Devices and Procedures

SOURCE: 56 FR 29564, June 28, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

## §21.1 Purpose and scope of subpart A of this part.

- (a) This subpart is issued by the Comptroller of the Currency pursuant to section 3 of the Bank Protection Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1882) and is applicable to all national banking associations and all banks located in the District of Columbia subject to the supervision of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. It requires each bank to adopt appropriate security procedures to discourage robberies, burglaries, and larcenies and to assist in identifying and apprehending persons who commit such acts.
- (b) It is the responsibility of a bank's board of directors to comply with this regulation and ensure that a security program which equals or exceeds the

standards prescribed by this part is developed and implemented for the bank's main office and branches (as the term "branch" is used in 12 U.S.C. 36).

### §21.2 Designation of security officer.

Within 30 days after the opening of a new bank, the Bank's board of directors shall designate a security officer who shall have the authority, subject to the approval of the board of directors, for immediately developing and administering a written security program to protect each banking office from robberies, burglaries, and larcenies and to assist in identifying and apprehending persons who commit such acts.

(Approval by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1557–0180)

#### §21.3 Security program.

- (a) *Contents of security program.* The security program shall:
- (1) Establish procedures for opening and closing for business and for the safekeeping of all currency, negotiable securities, and similar valuables at all times:
- (2) Establish procedures that will assist in identifying persons committing crimes against the institution and that will preserve evidence that may aid in their identification or conviction; such procedures may include, but are not limited to:
- (i) Using identification devices, such as prerecorded serial-numbered bills, or chemical and electronic devices;
- (ii) Maintaining a camera that records activity in the banking office; and
- (iii) Retaining a record of any robbery, burglary or larceny committed or attempted against a banking office;
- (3) Provide for initial and periodic training of employees in their responsibilities under the security program and in proper employee conduct during and after a robbery; and
- (4) Provide for selecting, testing, operating and maintaining appropriate security devices, as specified in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Security devices. Each national bank shall have, at a minimum, the following security devices: